Introducing 2012 Montana Cowboy Hall of Fame Inductee...

Stan Lynde

Born in Billings, Montana, on September 23, 1931, and was raised on his father's ranch near Lodge Grass, Montana, on the Crow Indian Reservation. He attended grade and high school at Lodge Grass, working on the ranch and traveling with the family wherever his father's business—sheep-raising—took them. During his early years, he lived with his parents in "every kind of dwelling you can imagine—sheep wagon, tent, dugout, line shack, cabin, and ranch house." He attended the University of Montana at Missoula, Montana, served during the Korean War with the Navy on the island of Guam and on board the submarine tender U.S.S. SPERRY. He created the comic strip Rick O 'Shay in 1957, and for nearly 20 years wrote and illustrated the feature. He ended his association with Tribune Media Services, the newspaper that owns and distributed the feature, in 1977. In 1978 he created the comic strip Latigo for Field Newspaper Syndicate and produced that feature until 1983. In 1984, he created the cartoon series Grass Roots as a self-syndicated feature for weekly newspapers throughout the United States. Stan was co-founder and a director of The Great Montana Centennial Cattle Drive which celebrated Montana's centennial with a 60-mile cattle drive from Roundup, Montana to Billings. The six-day drive featured 2,812 cattle, 3,337 horses, 208 wagons, and 105 of the state's top cowboys. He wrote his first all-text novel—The Bodacious Kid—in 1995. The book proved to be a critical and commercial success. Other novels followed—Careless Creek in 1998, Vigilante Moon in 2003, Saving Miss Julie in 2004, Marshal of Medicine Lodge in 2005, Summer Snow in 2006, Vendetta Canyon in 2008, To Kill a Copper King in 2010, and The Big Open in 2012. All his novels are still in print, and are also available as Audio Books, read by the author. Stan calls himself "a westerner by birth and inclination" and his work aptly reflects his life-long interest in the history, lore, and legend of the American west. He is a member of the Western Writers of America and Authors Guild, and is a recipient of the Inkpot Award for Achievement in the Comic Arts, as well as the Montana Governor's Award for the Arts. He lives in Helena, Montana with his wife Lynda.

Stan Lynde, Western novelist and cartoonist, in his own words (from Stan's website: http://stanlynde.net/)

"I became a storyteller in the usual way--by listening to and reading stories, in particular stories of the history, lore, and legend of the American West. Growing up on the big open ranges of the Crow Indian Reservation in southeastern Montana, my heroes were cowboys of the old school. I loved everything about them. As a kid, I followed my bow-legged role models around, got in their way, pestered them with questions, and disobeyed my mother's strict orders not to hang out at the bunkhouse. As for the cowpunchers themselves, they were surprisingly tolerant, pretending they didn't notice the big-eyed kid curled up in the corner and taking in the tales they told—tough, funny, sad, true, and tall. I learned to sit a horse and work sheep and cattle, but I never became a decent roper and I was never what you'd call a top hand. I attended school in the small reservation town of Lodge Grass, working summers on my dad's ranch, and the
bunkhouse and bedroll became my homes away from home. I bothered the cowboys and ranch hands less, but I still took in their stories, and I began to make up my own. Louis L'Amour wrote, "I think of myself in the oral tradition—as a troubador, a village tale teller, the man in the shadows of the campfire. That's the way I'd like to be remembered—as a storyteller. A good storyteller." Louis's goal became my own. In 1958 I created the comic strip Rick O'Shay, and for the next nearly twenty years wrote and drew the adventures of Rick, Hipshot, Gaye Abandon, and all the many characters who played out their stories in and around the town of Conniption. The strip ran in nearly 100 newspapers across America and abroad, and was read by an estimated 15 million people daily. I left the strip in 1977 and went on to syndicate a second western strip, Latigo, which ran from 1979 to 1983 in nearly the same number of newspapers. Other strips followed--S/y Fox and Rovar Bob for Fantomen Magazine in Sweden, and a panel cartoon, Gross Roots, for weekly papers in the western states. Then, in 1989, I married Lynda Brown and told my stories to her. Lynda must have been impressed. She read one of my stories and instantly brought the same total commitment to my career as she has to our marriage. She encouraged me to write western fiction, we formed our own publishing company, and I tackled my first novel. That first effort turned out to be a coming-of-age story of a boy's struggle to deal with his father's murder and become a man, and to my surprise the book turned out to be a struggle as well. I'd been writing westerns all my life, drawing on remembered bunkhouse palaver, research, and my own experience; why, I wondered, was this story so difficult? The answer, of course, is that a novel is different from a comic strip or screen play. I would have to put in some time and effort to learn the new form. I was not really such an old dog, but I would have to learn some new tricks. I was blessed to have a gifted writer as a friend and advocate. Author of the best-sellers Blood Red Wine and The Triton Ultimatum, Larry Delaney became my drill sergeant and mentor. Larry taught me how to give life to my writing and encouraged me to raise my standards. He helped me to become a novelist. I continued to struggle with my coming-of-age story, and finally gave up and put it aside. I took a break. I went back and re-read some of the western authors I most admired—Dorothy M. Johnson, Ernest Haycox, Luke Short, Will Henry—and one day I heard a new voice inside my mind. The voice, it turned out, belonged to a young cowboy with a story to tell. The cowboy was Merlin Fanshaw, and his story became my first novel, The Bodacious Kid. Since that time, six more books featuring Merlin's adventures have been published, and the Kid has grown older and wiser with each one. I've been asked which of the seven books is my own favorite. I usually say, "The next one." Books in the Merlin Fanshaw series have developed quite a following. They've gone on to win recognition and acclaim, including the prestigious Western Writers of America SPUR Award. But it was The Bodacious Kid that started it all, and for that reason alone it will probably always be my favorite. It's my first-born, after all."